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1955.	the	Token	radar	set	at	the	northern	edge	of	the	

- 2. Since mid-June 1955, the Token radar set at the northern edge of the field was surrounded by a shranel-proof protection wall, about 40 x 40 meters, consisting of trunks. The Token radar set was in operation during air activity.
- 3. It was observed that four jet fighters upper edges of fixed tail surfaces.
- 4. The following air activity and aircraft were observed at Neurupain airfield between 18 June and 9 July:
 - 18 June. During the day, the aircraft were parked in the revoluents. Only one alert flight and one II-28 were seen at the taxiway.
 - 20 June. At 1700, all the aircraft remained unchanged in the revetments. An antenna mast, 18 to 20 meters high, was erected 12 to 15 meters north of the Token radar set.
 - 21 June. Between 1030 and 1900, there was only slight air activity by 4 to 5 jet fighters.
 - 23 June. There was no air activity during daytice. At 1830, one Pc-2 took off for a local flight at an altitude of 300 meters. The aircraft remained unchanged in the revetments. The alert flight of 5 MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s was observed at the taxiway.
 - 24 June. At 1130, one Yak-15 made a local flight.
 - 25 June. There was no air activity.
 - 27 June. Between 1030 and 1500, jet fighterspracticed flying in elements of two. They were aloft for about 45 minutes.
 - 28 June. Between 0900 and 1600, air activity by about seven jet fighters was observed. Two elements of two jet fighters each practiced flying at an altitude of about 2,000 meters. One U-MiG-15 towing a sleeve target left the field in an easterly direction followed by a MiG-15 or U-MiG-15. Approach flights from the right and left without firing were practiced.
 - 29 June. At 0900 and at 1030, one U-MiG-15 towing a sleeve target took off followed by a MiG-15 or U-MiG-15. After an interval of 15 minutes, a second MiG-15 or U-MiG-15 took off while the first MiG-15 or U-MiG-15 landed. The jet fighters made approach flights without firing. Between 1000 and 1700, two MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s made glide approaches of 45 degrees at the same distance to a ground target. Each plane practiced five to six attacks. After the first two aircraft had landed, the next two planes took off.
 - 30 June. At 0730, one Li=2 took off and landed a group of 5 to 6 parachutists over the vicinity of Treskow. After the plane had completed a small circuit, a second group of parachutists tumped out.
 - l July. Between 0730 and 1900, there was air activity by 12 to 41 jet fighters. Two formations of four aircraft with auxiliary fuel tanks left the field. Four jet fighters with auxiliary fuel tanks practiced glide approaches of 45 degrees at ground targets. One U-MiG-15 towing a sleeve target and one MiG-15 or U-MiG-15 practiced approach flights without firing in the Wulkow area. Between 2130 and 2400, night flying practices by 2 to 3 jet fighters were observed.

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2 July. About 32 jet fighters were counted at the taxiway. It was observed that all the aircraft which had been parked in the revetments were now parked at the airfield.

Between 17 June and 1 July, maneuvers were held in the Zippelsfoerde - Zechow - Braunsberg - Rheinshagen - Wulkow area. During that time, the jet fighters were parked in the aircraft revetwents. After the maneuver, the area mentioned was opened again for civilians. Signs of the maneuvers were seen everywhere at the area.

<u>6 July</u>. Between 0800 and 1700, 8 to 10 jet fighters practiced flying individually or in elements of two at an altitude of 500 meters. There was a 4/10 overcast and the aircraft partially flew over the clouds. The jet fighters were aloft for about 40 minutes.

<u>T July</u>. Between 0830 and 1830, there was air activity by 12 to 15 jet fighters and one II=28. The aircraft practiced flying at an altitude of 700 to 800 meters and were aloft for about 30 minutes and flew within the optical range. The aircraft took off in formations of two and four but landed individually. At 1820, two II=28s took off and headed in an easterly direction. It was believed that these planes belonged to another airfield, because only one II=28s was observed at Neuruppin airfield so far. Between 2130 until about midnight, three to four jet fighters practiced individual night flights at an altitude of about 1,000 meters. The aircraft were aloft for about 30 minutes. When the planes landed, the airfield was lighted by searchlights.

8 July. Between 0700 and 1900, there was air activity by 12 to 15 jet lighters. Two jet fighters individually approached a ground target in a flat angle of 20 to 25 degrees to an altitude of 400 meters. During these exercises, which lasted for about 13 minutes, the aircraft approached the ground target five to six times. Four MiG-15s or U-MiG-15s also approached the ground target without firing from an altitude of 400 meters, flying at an angle of 30 to 35 degrees. After crossing the ground target, the aircraft climbed to an altitude of 400 meters flying a wide bank During these exercises, which lasted for 45 minutes, the aircraft approached the target 5 to 6 times. After these aircraft had landed, two and 4 jet fighters respectively took off for approach exercises. During the period of observation, a formation of four jet fighters took off and headed in an easterly direction at an altitude of about 3,000 meters. After about two hours, a formation of four jet fighters landed again at the field. Between 2050 until after midnight, individual night flights, which lasted for 30 minutes, were performed at altitudes of 800 to 1,000 meters. During air activity, ground searchlights were in operation.

- 9 July. At 0730, a formation of four jet fighters landed at the field.
- 5. On 3 July, the mast at the northern shraphel-proof aircraft revenents in the northeastern corner of the field, was equipped with an Umbrella-type antenna. The radic trucks, which had been parked so far near the mast, were replaced by a radio shack.

 The Token radar set at the northern edge of the field was in operation during air activity. A mast, about 20 meters high, was erected near the Token set. The single-mast radio station, 20 meters from the northeastern corner of the officers' mest, was no longer observed. The Kniferest radar set at Klappgraben was demounted and replaced by a set with a plane aerial, about 5 meters wide and 2.5 meters high. This aerial was apparently rotatable.

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The total length of this set was approximately 6 to 8 meters. It appeared that the aerial loop was a tube loop consisting of tubes with a diameter of about 40 mm. This set was observed for the first time on 4 July 1955. Cables or auxiliary equipment could not yet been observed.

The single-mast radio station at the timber yard in Neuruppin was still available. The single-mast radio station at Nietwerder was enlarged by a mast, about 16 meters high, which had an Umbrella type antenna on its top.

6. On 24 June, a radio mast, about 18 meters high, which was braced at three places was observed near the fuel depot. A radio truck was parked near this radio mast.

7. The following air activity and aircraft were observed at Neuruppin airfield:

28 June. Air activity by jet fighters, was observed at the field. Local flights and formation flights were practiced.

1 July. There was air activity by jet fighters,
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9 July. A siren, the sound of which increased and decreased at regular intervals, was heard at about 0545. At about 0550, 3 jet fighters towed by trucks, 2 jet fighters under their own power, 1 three-axle tank truck, 1 ambulance, 1 jeep and 1 sedan moved to the revetments at the northern edge of the field. At about 1750, 11 jet lighters, 1 I1-28 and 1 Li-2 were parked in the southeastern corner of the taxiway. At about 1100, "all -clear" signals were sounded by a siren.

- 8. On 1 July, the radio and radar inst llations were checked. The Token radar set remained unchanged at the northern edge of the field south of the ammunition depot. Rotations by this set were observed. The Fishnet radar set was erected between the revetments and the ammunition depot. One single-mast radio set and a radio truck were observed at the most northern revetment. The mast was braced at three of four places and 15 to 18 meters high. A similar single-mast_radio station was erected at the northern boundary of the fuel depot.
- 9. The following air activity and aircraft were observed at Neuruppin airfield 25X1 between 30 June and 18 July:

30 June Between 0930 and 2045, air activity by jet fighters was observed at the field. Individual take offs and landings, local flights, and flights in formations of four were practiced. The mock attacks by formations of four on an Ii-28 were presumably controlled from the ground. The II-28 approached the field from various directions. One formation of four aircraft which had been assembled in the opposite course of the II-28 turned toward the II-28 while correcting its course several times. After approaching the II-28 at a distance of 1,000 to 1,500 meters, the formation peeled off. Attacks by jet fighters were not made. After three or four approaches, the formation dispersed and the aircraft landed individually. The planes remained sloft for 40 to 45 minutes. The duration of flight by II-28 was about 2 1/2 hours. During that period, three formations of four jet fighters practiced approach flights. The Token radar set was in operation during air activity.

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and made local fligh at the Il-28s were s	ts. Approach fla en in addition	raft took off and landed individually ights by formations of four aircraft to individual high altitude flights. oserved in the evening.	
2 July. Between 0730 take-offs and landing	and 1240, air a	activity by jet fighters including local flights by a Po-2 was observed.	
4 July. Between 0930 jet fighters.	and 1210, seve	ral high altitude flights were made by	
<u>5 July</u> . Between 1120 Between 1350 and 160 There was intermitte), take-offs and	MiG-15 or U-MiG-15 practiced flying. d landings were made by jet fighters. erate visibility.	
taxiway in addition involved in air acti	to 1 Il⇒28. 4 Ya vity during the	including 8 MiG-17s were parked at the ek-11s and 4 Po-2s. The MiG-17s were period of observations. It was not sees were ordered for MiG-17s.	
flights, approach fli Formation flights we	ghts at jet fig re mede in form e made while se	re was air activity including foration hters, and high-altitude flights. ations of two and four. At 2045, archlights were in operation. The flights	
it had been caught in	the searchligh raft. A total o	on lights was sought out and after ts, additional jet fighters approached f three searchlights were in operation	
aircraft remained al	oft for 5 minut d. At 2030, the	offs by jet fighters were seen. The es each. The flights were made in the same night flying practices were observed	l
scrambled. It was es the alarm signal was at a high altitude. aloft for about 1 1/ altitude of about 3,	d star was fire timated that th given. The pla At 1100, one Il 2 hours. The ai 000 meters comi	, and a second II-28 was observed at the d and subsequently an alert flight e aircraft were aloft 90 seconds after nes landed 12 minutes later after being -28 took off and practiced flying being reraft approached the field from an ng from various directions. After the ty was observed at the field.	25X1
meters and landed ag practiced formation individual flights w was counted. Sevente	ain at 0815. Be flying. Between hich lasted 40 en jet fighters l southeastern	f, climbed to an altitude of about 3,000 tween 0945 and 1028, three jet fighters 1450 and 1740, six jet fighters made to 50 minutes. A total of 36 jet fighters covered with new tarpaulins were parked hangar. I1-28 1 Li-2, 3 Po-2s and 1	25 X 1
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	comment. Neuruppin airfield is believed to be still occupied by one fighter regiment. Intensified air activity concentrated on aiming and firing practices and formation flights. The parachute jumps were apparently duty jumps by the flying personnel as it was observed on several airfields in East Germany. The maneuver-like occupation of aircraft revetments and camcuflage of aircraft, motor vehicles, and equipment between mid-June and	25X1
	l July, was also reported from several airfields in the GDM. MIGhas been previously reported from Brandenburg - Briest airfield, MiGham from Jueterbog airfield, and MiGham from Jueterbog airfields in the GDM. MIGham from Jueterbog airfields in the GDM.	25X ⁻
	from Merseburg airfield. . All other aircraft were reported from Neuruppin airfield.	. d 。
	About 32 to 36 jet fighters were observed at the taxiway.	25 X 1 25 X 1
2.	Comment. The radio set with a rectangular plane aerial, about 5 x 2.5 meters, which was newly erected near Klappgraben,	
	The other radio and radar installat	ions
	were rejected previously. The radio snack near the Umbrella-type aerial at the revetments in the northeastern corner of the taxiway was observed for	
	the first time. According to observations made on 30 June, mock attacks by jet fighters on an II-28 were controlled by a Token -radar set on the ground. This exercise was apparently held to practice ground-to-air tradio traffic.	25X1
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